

# SITE PLAN FOR POOL THE MELNICK POOL PROJECT **1921 SADLER DRIVE SE SMYRNA, GA 30080**

LOCATED IN: LOT: 25 STONECREST MANOR S/D LAND LOTS: 673 & 696 **DISTRICT: 17TH** SECTION: 2ND COBB COUNTY, GEORGIA

LOCATION MAP

# ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION - 07/20/2022

## PROJECT TEAM

CONTRACTOR: **BELLAREED CONSTRUCTION & REMODELING** 6040 NORTHBELT DRIVE, SUITE F NORCROSS, GA 30071

24 HOUR CONTACT: BRETT FUSSELL (770) 913-7886

OWNER OF RECORD: LAURA & WAYNE MELNICK **1921 SADLER DRIVE SE SMYRNA, GA 30080** (404) 754-2408

SCOPE OF WORK 32' X 16' POOL WITH STEPS, BENCHES, 6' DIA. RAISED SPA, & TEXTURED CONCRETE DECKING



Know what's below. Call before you di HOURS OF NOTICE IS REQUIRE TO GEORGIA 811 UTILITY PROTECTION CENTER BEFORE NY LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES CAN BEGIN





LEGEND

# **CODE COMPLIANCE:**

THE CURRENT MANDATORY CODES AS ADOPTED BY DCA

**RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CODES: EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015** THE FOLLOWING WILL BE THE STATE OF GEORGIA'S MINIMUM STANDARD CONSTRUCTION CODES:

INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH **GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

**INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

**INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH GEORGIA** AMENDMENTS

INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH **GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH **GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

INTERNATIONAL FUEL GAS CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH **GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

INTERNATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE 2020 EDITION, WITH NO GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (1/1/2018)

INTERNATIONAL ENERGY CODE 2015 EDITION, WITH **GEORGIA SUPPLEMENTS & AMENDMENTS (2020)** 

2012 NFPA 101- LIFE SAFETY CODE WITH STATE AMENDMENTS (2013)

INTERNATIONAL SWIMMING POOL & SPA CODE 2018 EDITION, WITH GEORGIA AMENDMENTS (2020)

# **DRAWING INDEX:**

S-1	SURVEY
C-8	POOL DETAILS
C-7	POOL DETAILS
C-6	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
C-5	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
C-4	<b>EROSION CONTROL NOTES &amp; SYMBOLS</b>
C-3	POOL SITE PLAN
C-2	EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS & DEMOLITION/TREE PLAN
C-1	COVER SHEET
<u>SHEET</u>	TITLE

BELLAREED LUXURY POOLS	DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY:	Laura & wayne Melnick 1921 Sadler Drive SE Smyrna GA 30080	DRAWING NO.
6040 Northbelt Drive, Suite F Norcross, GA 30071	APPROVED BY: DATE: 07/18/2022	COVER SHEET	6-1
Tel: (678) 367-3307 www.bellareed.com	SCALE: NONE		SHEET 1 OF 9





#### EROSION CONTROL NOTES

- The construction pad shall be maintained in a condition that will prevent tracking or flow of mud onto public streets.
- Silt fences and hay bale barriers shall be cleaned or replaced and maintained in functional condition until permanent erosion control measures are established. All silt fences and other temporary
- measures will be removed by the contractor /developer when the site is stable Silt fence fabric shall be comprised GA. Department of Transportation qualified products section 171, type "c" for silt fence fabric. Type "a" silt fence fabric and construction may be allowed with prior
- written approval from the land development inspector. All grassing shall be in accordance with Chapter 6, Section III, "vegetative practices" of the Manual for
- Erosion and Sediment Control in Georgia. All other work shall be performed in accordance with the specifications of this same manual.
- The contractor shall furnish the City a schedule of anticipated starting and completion dates for each
- sequence of land disturbing activity listed items one through five above Erosion control devices will be in place before site disturbance and will be periodically inspected and repaired or restored as needed to function properly until permanent measures are established and project is complete, i.e. construction exists and silt fence shall be re-topped or cleaned as silt reduces their effectiveness.
- Any additional construction other than shown on the plans will require additional erosion and sediment control measures and prior approval from the City.
- Temporary vegetation and/or heavy mulch will be used to stabilize areas. In no case shall a site be left bare for more than fourteen (14) days.
- All disturbed areas will be permanently landscaped and grassed as quickly as possible
- Additional measures may be required to control erosion as determined necessary by city inspectors.
- 12. Erosion control blankets shall be sued on all slopes exceeding 2.5:1.
- 13. All applications of hydroseed will be followed by  $\frac{1}{2}$ " to 1" mulch. 14. Sites over 1 acre must prepare multi-stage erosion control plan.
- 15. No clearing beyond the limits of disturbance shown on the approved plans shall be allowed without approval
- 16 No land disturbing activity within any tree save area shall be allowed.
- Polymers must be used appropriately on all disturbed areas including proposed parking lots to control 17. turbidity.
- 18. The property owner and contractor are equally responsible for all erosion control activities. Notice is hereby given that all erosion and sediment devices and practices must be installed and 19. maintained at all times. No further notice will be given. Any site upon which the land development inspector finds any deficiency will be subject to an immediate enforcement action without warning.
- Erosion and sediment control devices must be maintained in a satisfactory condition at all times. 20 21
- All best management practices shall be judged not on appearances but performance only. It is the responsibility of the contractor to obtain qualified professional advice when questions arise 22.
- concerning design and effectiveness of erosion control devices. 23. Amendments or revisions to the E&S plan which have a significant effect on bmp's with a hydraulic component must be certified by the design professional.
- 24. Erosion control devices that are installed as directed by the land development inspector but not shown on the approved plan and which also subsequently fail, are the responsibility of the contractor.
- 25. All temporary and permanent seeding must be performed at the appropriate season. Additional
- plantings will be necessary if a sufficient stand of grass fails to grow. The land development inspector will determine adequate cover of new plantings.
- Topsoil shall be stockpiled and used to dress final grades.
- No disturbance will be allowed within flood plains or wetlands without proper authorization. 28. Erosion control measures will be maintained at all times. Additional erosion and sediment control 29.
- measures will be necessary if deemed by on-site inspection.
- Silt fencing must be mirafi 100x fabric, or equivalent substitute. Mirafi 100x specifications: minimum 30. width of 36", mullen burst strength of 200 psi, trapezoid tear strength of 65 lbs., equivalent opening size of #40 U.S. Standard sieve and grab strength of 120 lbs.
- Silt fences shall not be placed in stream buffer or flood plains
- When silt fences become  $\frac{1}{3}$  full of sediment, the sediment must be removed. 32.
- The contractor shall furnish weekly reports to the city, which indicates the date, person responsible, 33. and notation of all deficiencies and corrections made to all erosion and sediment control devices. Erosion control measures will be maintained at all times, if full implementation of the approved plan
- does not provide for effective erosion control, additional erosion and sediment control measures shall be implemented to control or treat the sediment source. 35. The escape of sediment from the site shall be prevented by the installation of erosion and sediment
- control measures and practices prior to, or concurrent with, land disturbing activities. Before commencing any land disturbing activity subject to NPDES, the contractor must provide a copy 36.
- of the Notice of Intent (NOI) sent to EDP and show evidence that the NPDES fees have been paid. All persons engaged in land disturbance activities must be certified at the appropriate GSWCC level 37 and must provide evidence of such to the land development Inspector if asked. Where one or more
- land disturbing activities are occurring on a site at the same time, each must have the appropriate certification. Those that do not must stop work immediately. A copy of the approved erosion control plan, NOI, permit and inspection reports must be kept on site at 38.
- all times.
- 39. It is the primary permittee's responsibility to instruct all other permitees's along with their
- sub-contractors as to their responsibilities under NPDES. 40. The design professional who prepared this E&S plan must inspect the installation of BMP's within 7
- days after the initial construction begins. This report shall be kept on site and submitted to the city. 41. Non-exempt activities shall not be conducted within the 25 or 50 foot undisturbed stream buffers as measured from the point of wrested vegetation without first acquiring the necessary variances and
- permits Waste materials shall not be discharged into waters of the state, except as authorized by a section 404 42. permit.
- 43. Any amendments and revisions to the erosion, sediment and pollution control plan which have significant effect on BMP's with hydraulic component must be certified by the design professional.
- 44 All construction work and materials on this site, shall conform to the minimum standards and specifications of the Georgia Department of Transportation, latest editions.

#### PROJECT DURATION ESC NOTES

- Burial of construction debris is not permitted onsite.
- A copy of the approved land disturbance plan and permit shall be present on site at all times. Post on day one.
- 3. Any disturbed area left exposed for a period of greater than 7 days shall be stabilized with mulch or temporary seeding.
- All disturbed areas left mulched after 30 days shall be stabilized with temporary grassing.
- Contractor shall inspect control measures at the end of each working day to ensure measures are functioning properly
- 6. Erosion control measures will be maintained at all times. If full implementation of the approved plan does not provide effective erosion control, additional erosion and sediment control measures shall be implemented to control or treat the sediment source as directed by the onsite inspector or design professional.
- Failure to install, operate, or maintain all erosion control measures will result in all construction being stopped on the job until such measures are corrected back to the approved erosion control plans. The escape of sediment from the site shall be prevented by the installation of erosion and sediment control measures
- and practices prior to, or concurrent with, land disturbing activities.

# **ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION - 07/20/2022**

		REVISIONS
$\triangle$	DATE	DESCRIPTION

LEGEND

aturo protocting o
/ crossing
nel at the outlet of a from the concentrated
pressions on a ondition after grading.
thin the water (it may silt barrier, or silt
ertile soil, storing it, ea after completion of
uring construction
versions, terraces,
VCC (Amended - 2013)
N
enhanced or establishment of irbance or bordering
lenuded artificially
isturbed areas where ving season to
ver with fast growing
over such as trees, disturbed areas.
ds on highly
of dust on sites.
olids/liquid lution.
t materials to to prevent, or restore roblems.
erosion and establish
steep slopes, shore

# **GEORGIA UNIFORM CODING SYSTEM**

# FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES

GEORGIA SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION COMMISSION

# STRUCTURAL PRACTICES

# STRUCTURAL PRACTICES







2. THE CONCRETE WASHOUT SIGN SHALL BE INSTALLED WITHIN 30' OF THE TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY

# **ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION - 07/20/2022**

The establishment of temporary vegetative cover with fast growing seedings for

Temporary grassing, instead of mulch, can be applied to rough graded areas that will be exposed for less than six months. Temporary vegetative measures should be coordinated with permanent measures to assure economical and effective stabilization. Most types of temporary vegetation are ideal to use as companion crops until the permanent vegetation is established.

# SEEDING RATES FOR **TEMPORARY SEEDING**

RATE Per 1,000 sq.ft.	RATE Per Acre *	PLANTING DATES **
3.9 pounds	3 bu.	9/1-3/1
0.9 pound	40 lbs.	8/15-4/1
0.9 pound	40 lbs.	1/15-3/15
0.1 pound	4 lbs.	2/15-6/15
1.4 pounds	60 lbs.	3/1-8/1
0.9 pound	40 lbs.	4/1-7/15
4.1 pounds	3 bu.	9/15-2/1

Unusual site conditions may require heavier seeding rates \*\* Seeding dates may need to be altered to fit temperture

## DISTURBED AREA STABILIZATION (WITH TEMPORARY SEEDING)

## SPECIFICATIONS

Grading and Shaping

Excessive water run-off shall be reduced by properly designed and installed erosion control practices such as closed drains, ditches, dikes, diversions, sediment barriers and others.

No shaping or grading is required if slopes can be stabilized by hand-seeded vegetation or if hydraulic seeding equipment is to be used.

Seedbed Preparation

When a hydraulic seeder is used, seedbed preparation is not required. When using conventional or handseeding, seedbed preparation is not required if the soil material is loose and not sealed by rainfall

When soil has been sealed by rainfall or consists of smooth cut slopes, the soil shall be pitted, trenched or otherwise scarified to provide a place for seed to lodge and germinate.

## Lime and Fertilizer

Agricultural lime is required unless soil tests indicate otherwise. Apply agricultural lime at a rate of one ton per acre. Graded areas require lime application. Soils can be tested to determine if fertilizer is needed. On reasonably fertile soils or soil material, fertilizer is not required. For soils with very low fertility, 500 to 700 pounds of 10-10-10 fertilizer or the equivalent per acre (12-16 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) shall be applied. Fertilizer should be applied before land preparation and incorporated with a disk, ripper or chisel.

## Seeding

Select a grass or grass-legume mixture suitable to the area and season of the year. Seed shall be applied uniformly by hand, cyclone seeder, drill, cultipacker seeder, or hydraulic seeder (slurry including seed and fertilizer). Drill or cultipacker seeders should normally place seed one-quarter to one-half inch deep. Appropriate depth of planting is ten times the seed diameter. Soil should be "raked" lightly to cover seed with soil if seeded by hand.

Mulching

Temporary vegetation can, in most cases, be established without the use of mulch. Mulch without seeding should be considered for short term protection. Refer to Ds1 - Disturbed Area Stabilization (With Mulching Only).

#### Irrigation

During times of drought, water shall be applied at a rate not causing runoff and erosion. The soil shall be thoroughly wetted to a depth that will insure germination of the seed. Subsequent applications should be made when needed.

BELLAREED	DESIGNED BY:	Laura & Wayne Melnick	DRAWING NO.
LUXURY POOLS	DRAWN BY:	1921 Sadler Drive S.E.	
6040 Northbelt Drive,	CHECKED BY:	Smyrna GA 30080	
Suite F	APPROVED BY:	EROSION CONTROL	
Norcross , GA 30071	DATE: 07/18/2022	DETAILS	
Tel: (678) 367-3307 www.bellareed.com	SCALE: NONE		SHEET 5 OF 9

## DEFINITION

Controlling surface and air movement of dust on construction sites, roads, and demolition sites.

#### CONDITIONS

This practice is applicable to areas subject to surface and air movement of dust where on and off-site damage may occur without treatment

#### METHOD AND MATERIALS

#### A. TEMPORARY METHODS

Mulches. See standard Ds1 - Disturbed Area Stabilization (With Mulching Only). Synthetic resins may be used instead of asphalt to bind mulch material. Refer to standard Tb-Tackifiers and Binders. Resins such as Curasol or Terratack should be used according to manufacturer's recommendations

Vegetative Cover. See standard Ds2 - Disturbed Area Stabilization (With Temporary Seeding).

Spray-on Adhesives. These are used on mineral soils (not effective on muck soils). Keep traffic off these areas. Refer to standard Tb-Tackifiers and Binders.

Tillage. This practice is designed to roughen and bring clods to the surface. It is an emergency measure which should be used before wind erosion starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12 inches apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect.

Irrigation. This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is wet. Repeat as needed.

Barriers. Solid board fences, snow fences, burlap fences, crate walls, bales of hay and similar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angles to prevailing currents at intervals of about 15 times their height are effective in controlling wind erosion.

Calcium Chloride. Apply at rate that will keep surface moist. May need retreatment.

#### **B. PERMANENT METHODS**

Permanent Vegetation. See standard Ds3 -Disturbed Area Stabilization (With Permanent Vegetation). Existing trees and large shrubs may afford valuable



## DUST CONTROL ON **DISTURBED AREAS** REVISIONS

DEFINITION

The planting of perennial vegetation such as trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, or legumes on exposed areas for final permanent stabilization. Permanent perennial vegetation shall be used to achieve final stabilization..

#### CONDITIONS

Permanent perennial vegetation is used to provide a protective cover for exposed areas including cuts, fills, dams, and other denuded areas.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Grading and Shaping

Grading and shaping may not be required where hydraulic seeding and fertilizing equipment is to be used. Vertical banks shall be sloped to enable plant establishment.

When conventional seeding and fertilizing are to be done, grade and shape where feasible and practical, so that equipment can be used safely and efficiently during seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and maintenance of the vegetation.

oncentrations of water that will cause excessive soil erosion shall be diverted to a safe outlet. Diversions and other treatment practices shall conform with the appropriate standards and specifications.

#### Seedbed Preparation

Seedbed preparation may not be required where hydraulic seeding and fertilizing equipment is to be used. When conventional seeding is to be used, seedbed preparation will be done as follows:

#### Broadcast plantings

. Tillage at a minimum, shall adequately loosen the soil to a depth of 4 to 6 inches; alleviate compaction; incorporate lime and fertilizer; smooth and firm the soil; allow for the proper placement of seed, sprigs, or plants; and allow for the anchoring of straw or hay mulch if a disk is to be used. 2. Tillage may be done with any suitable equipment. 3. Tillage should be done on the contour where feasible.



4. On slopes too steep for the safe operation of tillage equipment, the soil surface shall be pitted or trenched across the slope with appropriate hand tools to provide two places 6 to 8 inches apart in which seed may lodge and germinate. Hydraulic seeding may also be used.

#### Individual Plants

1. Where individual plants are to be set, the soil shall be prepared by excavating holes, opening furrows, or dibble planting

2. For nursery stock plants, holes shall be large enough to accommodate roots without crowding.

3. Where pine seedlings are to be planted, subsoil under the row 36 inches deep on the contour four to six months prior to planting. Subsoiling should be done when the soil is dry, preferably in August or September.

#### Planting

#### Hydraulic Seeding

Mix the seed (innoculated if needed), fertilizer, and wood cellulose or wood pulp fiber mulch with water and apply in a slurry uniformly over the area to be treated. Apply within one hour after the mixture is made.

#### Conventional Seeding

Seeding will be done on a freshly prepared and firmed seedbed. For broadcast planting, use a cultipacker seeder, drill, rotary seeder, other mechanical seeder, or hand seeding to distribute the seed uniformly over the area to be treated. Cover the seed lightly with 1/8 to 1/4 inch of soil for small seed and 1/2 to 1 inch for large seed when using a cultipacker or other suitable equipment.

#### No-Till Seeding

No-till seeding is permissible into annual cover crops when planting is done following maturity of the cover crop or if the temporary cover stand is sparse enough to allow adequate growth of the permanent (perennial) species. No-till seeding shall be done with appropriate no-till seeding equipment. The seed must be uniformly distributed and planted at the proper depth.

#### Individual Plants

Shrubs, vines and sprigs may be planted with appropriate planters or hand tools. Pine trees shall be planted manually in the subsoil furrow. Each plant shall be set in a manner that will avoid crowding the roots. Nursery stock plants shall be planted at the same depth or slightly deeper than they grew at the nursery. The tips of vines and sprigs must be at or slightly above the ground surface. Where individual holes are dug, fertilizer shall be placed in the bottom of the hole, two inches of soil shall be added and the plant shall be set in the hole

### DEFINITION

A permanent vegetation using sods on highly erodible or critically eroded lands.

## CONDITIONS

This application is appropriate for areas which require immediate vegetative covers, drop inlets, grass swales, and waterways with intermittent flow .

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS INSTALLATION

### Soil Preparation

- Bring soil surface to final grade. Clear surface of trash, woody debris, stones and clods larger than 1". Apply sod to soil surfaces only and not frozen surfaces, or gravel type soils.

- Topsoil properly applied will help guarantee stand. Don't use topsoil recently treated with herbicides or soil sterilants

Mix fertilizer into soil surface. Fertilize based on soil tests or Table 6-6.1. For fall planting of warm season species, half the fertilizer should be applied at planting and the other half in the spring.

Table 6-6.1. Fertilizer Requirements for Soil Surface Application

Fertilizer Type (lbs./acre)	Fertilizer Rate (lbs./acre)	Fertilizer Rate	Season
10-10-10	1000	.025	Fall

- Agricultural lime should be applied based on soil tests or at a rate of 1 to 2 tons per acre.

#### Installation

- Lay sod with tight joints and in straight lines. Don't overlap joints. Stagger joints and do not stretch sod.
- On slopes steeper than 3:1, sod should be anchored with wooden or biodegradable pins or other approved methods.
- Installed sod should be rolled or tamped to provide good contact between sod and soil.
- Irrigate sod and soil to a depth of 4" immediately after installation. - Sod should not be cut or spread in extremely wet or dry weather.
- Irrigation should be used to supplement rainfall for a minimum of 2-3 weeks.



Mulching

Mulch is required for all permanent vegetation applications. Mulch applied to seeded areas shall achieve 75% soil cover. Select the mulching material from the following and apply as indicated:

1. Dry straw or dry hay of good quality and free of weed seeds can be used. Dry straw shall be applied at the rate of 2 tons per acre. Dry hay shall be applied at a rate of 2 1/2 tons per acre.

2. Wood cellulose mulch or wood pulp fiber shall be used with hydraulic seeding. It shall be applied at the rate of 500 pounds per acre. Drystraw or dry hay shall be applied (at the rate indicated above) after hydraulic seeding. 3. One thousand pounds of wood cellulose or wood pulp fiber, which includes a tackifier, shall be used with hydraulic seeding on slopes 3/4:1 or steeper. 4. Sericea lespedeza hay containing mature seed shall be applied at a rate of three tons per acre.

5. Pine straw or pine bark shall be applied at a thickness of 3 inches for bedding purposes. Other suitable materials in sufficient quantity may be used where ornamentals or other ground covers are planted. This is not appropriate for seeded areas.

6. When using temporary erosion control blankets or block sod, mulch is not required.

7. Bituminous treated roving may be applied on planted areas on slopes, in ditches or dry waterways to prevent erosion. Bituminous treated roving shall be applied within 24 hours after an area has been planted. Application rates and materials must meet Georgia Department of Transportation specifications.

Wood cellulose and wood pulp fibers shall not contain germination or growth inhibiting factors. They shall be evenly dispersed when agitated in water. The fibers shall contain a dye to allow visual metering and aid in uniform application during seeding.

#### Applying Mulch

Straw or hay mulch will be spread uniformly within 24 hours after and/or planting. The mulch may be spread by blower-type spreadin other spreading equipment or by hand. Mulch shall be applied to co the soil surface.

Wood cellulose or wood fiber mulch shall be applied uniformly with seeding equipment.

#### Anchoring Mulch

Anchor straw or hay mulch immediately after application by one of

methods: 1. Emulsified asphalt can be (a) sprayed uniformly onto the mulch ejected from the blower machine or (b) sprayed on the mulch imme following mulch application when straw or hay is spread by method special blower equipment.

	REVISIONS	
DATE	DESCRIPTION	

is desirable or thatch be rejected. available Grass Bermudagra

MATERIALS

Bahiagrass Centipede St. Augustin Zoysia

# Tall Fescue

MAINTENANCE

Types of Specie

Cool	
Season	
Grasses	
Warm	
Warm Season	

- Sod selected should be certified. Sod grown in the general area of the project

- Sod should be machine cut and contain  $3/4" \pm 1/4"$  of soil, not including shoots

- Sod should be cut to the desired size within  $\pm 5\%$ . Torn or uneven pads should

- Sod should be cut and installed within 36 hours of digging. - Avoid planting when subject to frost heave or hot weather if irrigation is not

- The sod type should be shown on the plans or installed according to Table 6-6.2. See Figure 6-4.1 for your Resource Area.

#### Table 6-6.2. Sod Planting Requirements

	Varieties	Resource Area	Growing Season
ss	Common Tifway Tifgreen Tiflawn	M-L,P,C P,C P,C P,C	Warm Weather
	Pensacola	P,C	Warm Weather
	-	P,C	Warm Weather
e	Common Bitterblue Raleigh	С	Warm Weather
	Emerald Myer	P,C	Warm Weather
:	Kentucky	M-L,P	Cool Weather

· Re-sod areas where an adequate stand of sod is not obtained.

• New sod should be mowed sparingly. Grass height should not be cut less than 2"-3" or as specified.

• Apply one ton of agricultural lime as indicated by soil test or every 4-6 years. • Fertilize grasses in accordance with soil tests or Table 6-6.3.

#### Table 6-6.3. Fertilizer Requirements for Sod

es	Planting Year	Fertilizer (N-P-K)	Rate (lbs./acre)	Nitrogen Top Dressing Rate (lbs./acre)
	First	6-12-12	1500	50-100
	Second	6-12-12	1000	-
	Maintenance	10-10-10	400	
	First	6-12-12	1500	50-100
	Second	6-12-12	800	50-100
	Maintenance	10-10-10	400	30

Irrigation Irrigation shall be applied at a rate that will not cause runoff.

The combination of asphalt emulsion and water shall consist of a homogeneous mixture satisfactory for spraying. The mixture shall consist of 100 gallons of grade SS-1h or CSS-1h emulsified asphalt and 100 gallons of water per ton of mulch

Care shall be taken at all times to protect state waters, the public, adjacent property, pavements, curbs, sidewalks, and all other structures from asphalt discoloration

2. Hay and straw mulch shall be pressed into the soil immediately after the mulch is spread. A special "packer disk" or disk harrow with the disks set straight may be used. The disks may be smooth or serrated and should be 20 inches or more in diameter and 8 to 12 inches apart. The edges of the disks shall be dull enough to press the mulch into the ground without cutting it, leaving much of it in an erect position. Mulch shall not be plowed into the soil. 3. Synthetic tackifiers or binders approved by GDOT shall be applied in conjunction with or immediately after the mulch is spread. Synthetic tackifiers shall be mixed and applied according to manufacturer's specifications. Refer to

Tb - Tackifiers and Binders. 4. Rye or wheat can be included with Fall and Winter plantings to stabilize the mulch. They shall be applied at a rate of one-quarter to one half bushel per acre. 5. Plastic mesh or netting with mesh no larger than one inch by one inch may be needed to anchor straw or hay mulch on unstable soils and concentrated flow areas. These materials shall be installed and anchored according to manufacturer's specifications.

SEEDING RATES FOR

# PERMANENT SEEDING

g equipment, over 75% of	SPECIES	RATE Per 1,000 sq.ft.	RATE Per Acre *	PLANTING DATES **
	BAHIA	1.4 POUNDS	60 LBS.	1/1-12/31
th hydraulic	BERMUDA	0.2 POUND	10 LBS.	2/15-7/1
	CENTIPEDE	BLOCK SOD ONLY	BLOCK SOD ONLY	4/1-7/1
f the followin	gLESPEDEZA	1.7 POUNDS	75 LBS.	1/1-12/31
as it is ediately	WEEPING LOVE GRASS	0.1 POUND	4 LBS.	2/1-6/15
ds other than	SWITCH GRASS	0.9 POUND	40 LBS.	3/15-6/1

\* Unusual site conditions may require heavier seeding rates \*\* Seeding dates may need to be altered to fit temperature variations and conditions



www

# **ISSUED FOR** CONSTRUCTION - 07/20/2022

		Laura & Wayne Melnick	DRAWING NO.
XURY POOLS	DESIGNED BY:	1921 Sadler Drive S.E.	
	DRAWN BY:	Smyrna GA 30080	
	CHECKED BY:		<b>C-6</b>
Northbelt Drive,	APPROVED BY:	ERUSION CONTROL	
oss , GA 30071	DATE: 07/18/2022	DETAILS	
678) 367-3307 bellareed.com	SCALE: NONE		SHEET 6 OF 9



![](_page_7_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_7_Picture_1.jpeg)

EXISTING WOOD PRIVACY FENCE

REVISIONS LEGEND DATE DESCRIPTION  $\Delta$ 

![](_page_7_Picture_4.jpeg)

MAGNALATCH TOP PULL - MLTPS2BGA

**ISPSC Section 305.4** 

Where a wall of a dwelling or structure serves as part of the barrier, doors and operable windows with a sill height of less than 48 inches that provide direct access to the aquatic vessel through the wall, shall be equipped with one or more of the following:

1. An alarm that produces an audible warning when the door or its screen or window is opened. The alarm shall be listed and labeled as a water hazard entrance alarm in accordance with UL 2017. In dwellings or structure not required to be Accessible units, Type A units or Type B units, the deactivation switch shall be located 54 inches or more above the threshold of the door. In dwellings or structures required to be Accessible units, Type A units or Type B units, the deactivation switch shall be located not greater than 54 inches and not less than 48 inches above the threshold of the door.

## ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION - 07/20/2022

BELLAREED LUXURY POOLS
6040 Northbelt Drive, Suite F

DESIGNED BY: DRAWN BY: CHECKED BY: APPROVED BY: Norcross , GA 30071 Tel: (678) 367-3307 Laura & Wayne Melnick 1921 Sadler Drive S.E. Smyrna GA 30080

POOL DETAILS

DRAWING NO. **C-8** SHEET 8 OF 9

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)